

IDAHO COUNTY	STATE OF IDAHO	NOVEMBER 3, 2026	
OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT			
INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTER To vote, completely fill in the oval (●) next to the candidate or measure of your choice with a black or blue pen. To vote a "Write-in", fill in the oval next to the blank write-in line and write the name of your choice on the blank write-in line. If you make a mistake, request a new ballot from an election worker. 	CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICES Lieutenant Governor (Vote for One) ☐ Eric Myricks (DEM) ☐ Scott Bedke (REP)	CANDIDATES FOR LEGISLATIVE OFFICES State Representative District 7 Seat A (Vote for One) ☐ Larry Nostrant (DEM) ☐ Kyle Harris (REP)	
	CANDIDATES FOR UNITED STATES OFFICES United States Senator (Vote for One) ☐ Natalie M Fleming (IND) ☐ Matt Loesby (LIB) ☐ Jim Risch (REP) ☐ Todd Achilles (IND)	Secretary of State (Vote for One) ☐ Phil McGrane (REP) ☐ Shawn Keenan (DEM)	State Representative District 7 Seat B (Vote for One) ☐ Charlie Shepherd (REP) ☐ Pete Gertonson (DEM)
	United States Representative District 1 (Vote for One) ☐ Brendan J. Gomez (CON) ☐ Kaylee Peterson (DEM) ☐ Sarah Zabel (IND) ☐ Russ Fulcher (REP)	State Controller (Vote for One) ☐ Brandon D Woolf (REP) ☐ Rakesh Mohan (DEM)	CANDIDATES FOR COUNTY OFFICES County Commissioner District 1 4 Year Term (Vote for One) ☐ R. Skipper "Skip" Brandt (REP)
	CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICES Governor (Vote for One) ☐ Terri Pickens (DEM) ☐ Pro-Life (a person, formerly known as Marvin Richardson) (CON) ☐ Paul Sand (LIB) ☐ John R. Stegner (IND) ☐ Brad Little (REP) ☐ (WRITE-IN)	State Treasurer (Vote for One) ☐ Kevin A Jones (DEM) ☐ Julie A. Ellsworth (REP)	County Commissioner District 2 2 Year Term (Vote for One) ☐ Michelle S. Perdue (DEM) ☐ Ted S. Lindsley (REP)
	Attorney General (Vote for One) ☐ Raul R. Labrador (REP) ☐ Lori Hickman (DEM)	County Commissioner District 2 2 Year Term (Vote for One) ☐ Michelle S. Perdue (DEM) ☐ Ted S. Lindsley (REP)	
	Superintendent of Public Instruction (Vote for One) ☐ Debbie Critchfield (REP) ☐ Teresa Roundy (CON) ☐ Becky Sundin Mitchell (DEM)	Clerk of the District Court (Vote for One) ☐ Kathy M. Ackerman (REP)	
	CANDIDATES FOR LEGISLATIVE OFFICES State Senator District 7 (Vote for One) ☐ Patrice Yeatter (DEM) ☐ Cindy Carlson (REP)	County Treasurer (Vote for One) ☐ Abbie Hudson (REP)	
		County Assessor (Vote for One) ☐ Megan Turner (REP)	
		County Coroner (Vote for One) ☐ Cody Funke (REP) VOTE BOTH SIDES	
	OFFICIAL STAMP BOX		

BALLOT MEASURES	PROPOSITION 1	IDAHO ADVISORY QUESTION
IDAHO CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS House Joint Resolution 4 This proposed constitutional amendment would give the Legislature exclusive authority to legalize marijuana, narcotics, or other psychoactive substances in the State of Idaho. Question: Shall Section 26, Article III of the Constitution of the State of Idaho be amended to provide that only the Idaho Legislature shall have the power and authority to legalize the growing, producing, manufacturing, transporting, selling, delivering, dispensing, administering, prescribing, distributing, possessing, or using of marijuana, narcotics, or other psychoactive substances? A YES vote supports this constitutional amendment to provide that only the Idaho State Legislature shall have the authority to legalize marijuana, narcotics, or other psychoactive substances; and remove the ability for citizens to initiate state statutes that would legalize these substances. A NO vote opposes this constitutional amendment, thereby retaining the ability for citizens to initiate state statutes that would legalize or decriminalize marijuana, narcotics, or other psychoactive substances. ☐ Yes ☐ No	Measure creating right to abortion before fetus viability, and post-viability to protect health; right to privacy; healthcare provider liability protections. The measure seeks to change Idaho's laws by introducing a right to reproductive freedom and privacy including a right to abortion up to the point of the fetus's ability to survive outside the womb. After fetal viability, there would be no general right to abortion except in cases of "medical emergency." The "medical emergency" exception would expand Idaho's current life exception and allow abortions when pregnant women face complicating physical conditions that threaten their life or health, "including serious impairment to a bodily function" or "serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part." The proposed measure codifies a right to make reproductive decisions, including contraception, fertility treatment, and prenatal and postpartum care. This includes a "right of privacy" in making these decisions. The measure seeks to prevent the state from enforcing certain abortion laws protecting the life of the unborn child. It would also impose a requirement that any restrictions on reproductive decisions, including abortion prior to fetus viability, must be "narrowly tailored to improve or maintain the health of the person seeking reproductive health care." The measure would also prevent the state from penalizing patients, healthcare providers, or anyone who assists in exercising the proposed right. Funding Source Statement: No funding source is required for the Reproductive Freedom and Privacy Act as it does not create any new financial obligation on the state. Because no funding source is required, the Act has no impact on income taxes, sales tax, or product taxes. Fiscal Impact Statement: The State estimates the initiative would increase state expenditures between \$3,100 and \$7,800 annually, less than 0.001% of the state share of Idaho's Medicaid budget. This impact is derived from the costs of treating chemical abortion complications for women enrolled in Idaho's Medicaid program. Medicaid covers medically necessary services to treat complications from all abortions. It is anticipated that as legal abortions increase, the complications will also increase. This will likely result in an increase in Medicaid covered services and expenditures to treat complications from chemical abortions, which the State has reliable and readily available data to support. Question: Shall the above-entitled measure proposed by Proposition One be approved? A YES vote would support creating a right to abortion before fetal viability—defined as a fetus' ability to survive without extraordinary medical measures—and after fetal viability in cases of medical emergency; providing protections against professional discipline and civil and criminal liability for healthcare providers; and codifying a statutory reproductive right to freedom and privacy. A NO vote would support making no change to Idaho's current law, which preserves the life of preborn children by prohibiting abortion, except when necessary to prevent the death of the pregnant woman, and during the first trimester in documented cases of rape or incest reported to law enforcement. ☐ Yes ☐ No	Which of the following guns should be designated as the state gun of Idaho? Please choose only one answer. ☐ Winchester Model 1894 (.30-30) ☐ Winchester Model 1873 "Gun that Won the West" (.44-40) ☐ 1873 Colt Single Action Army Revolver "Peacemaker" (.45 Colt) ☐ M1 Garand rifle (.30-06) ☐ Colt M1911 .45 automatic Colt pistol (.45 ACP) ☐ Remington Model 700 bolt-action rifle (.30-06)
House Joint Resolution 6 This proposed constitutional amendment would designate English as the official state language. All official speeches, meetings, and other proceedings of state and local governments, such as city council meetings and jury trials, would be conducted in English, and instruction in public schools would be provided in English. All documents of state and local government entities would be published in English. However, the amendment would allow languages other than English to be used when required by federal law. Question: Shall Article X of the Constitution of the State of Idaho be amended by the addition of a new Section 8, to provide that the English language shall be the official language for the state of Idaho, and to further provide that, except as required by federal law, English shall be used in all public proceedings, public documents, public instruction, and any other public acts of any public institution in the state of Idaho? A YES vote supports adding a provision to the Idaho Constitution that designates English as the state's official language. A NO vote opposes adding a provision to the Idaho Constitution that designates English as the state's official language, maintaining English as the state's official language in state statute only. ☐ Yes ☐ No	CITY OF RIGGINS CITY OF RIGGINS November 3, 2026 Shall the City of Riggins, Idaho, approve, authorize and cause the collection of a City Local-Option Non-Property Tax (Resort Tax), as defined below: Retain the City's existing tax to continue the Local-Option Tax rate of Two Percent (2%) on the following sales: a) LODGING RENTALS - Hotels, motels, campgrounds and all other lodging units rented for a period of less than thirty (30) days; b) LIQUOR BY THE DRINK - Retail sale of alcohol for consumption on licensed and/or catered premises; c) PREPARED MEALS - Food or meals prepared and sold by restaurants, cafes, and bars operating within the City, also includes food and meals prepared by catering services, for consumption within the City of Riggins. Retain the City's existing tax to continue the Local-Option Tax rate of One Percent (1%) on the following sales: a) ALL OTHER TAXABLE RETAIL SALES The revenue derived from the City Local-Option Tax shall be used for the purpose of funding City of Riggins infrastructure, capital projects and equipment, with the excess revenue placed in a designated fund to provide City Property Tax Relief. The duration of the City Local-Option Tax shall be ten (10) years, beginning with the effective date of January 1, 2027. Shall the City of Riggins, Idaho, approve, authorize and cause the collection of a City Local-Option Non-Property Tax (Resort Tax) as defined above. ☐ YES - Approve Local-Option Tax ☐ NO - Deny	VOTE BOTH SIDES